HIV/AIDS Case Data for Your HSDA, EMA, PHR or Planning Area through 12/31/02, as of 2/27/03

- \$ Please note that the data in this report reflect the county of residence, either at the time that AIDS was diagnosed (for AIDS cases) or at the time the HIV infection was diagnosed (for those HIV cases which have not progressed to AIDS).
- \$ The data include *all and only* those cases of HIV/AIDS that have been reported by name. AIDS cases have been reported by name since 1983; pediatric HIV infection cases have been reported by name since 1994; adult and adolescent HIV infection cases have been reported by name since 1999.

There are 9 subsets of data included in each report. Each subset of the data covers just those counties that comprise your particular HSDA, EMA, PHR, or Planning Area, as labeled on the report. The nine data subsets are -

- 1) HIV Infection Cases (not AIDS) Reported during 2002,
- 2) HIV Infection Cases (not AIDS) Reported during 2001,
- 3) Cumulative Reported HIV Infection Cases (not AIDS) through 12/31/02,
- 4) Living Reported HIV Infection Cases (not AIDS) through 12/31/02,
- 5) AIDS Cases Reported during 2002,
- 6) AIDS Cases Reported during 2001,
- 7) Cumulative Reported AIDS Cases through 12/31/02,
- 8) Living Reported AIDS Cases through 12/31/02, and
- 9) Prevalent Reported Cases of HIV/AIDS through 12/31/02 (Living HIV/AIDS Cases combined)

There are 2-5 pages of data (depending on the size of the tables) containing 5 (or 6) crosstabulations for each of the 9 data subsets. (When the title at the top of the page changes, you are looking at a new subset of the data.) For each data subset, the crosstabulations are -

- 1) Age at Diagnosis by Sex,
- 2) Current Age by Sex, ----- (Please see ANote@at top of next page.)
- 3) Race/ethnicity by Sex,
- 4) Mode of exposure by Sex,
- 5) Race/ethnicity by Adult/pedi status, and
- 6) Sex by Adult/pedi status.

Note: Included only for the 3 subsets of data which have all living and no deceased cases. These are Living Reported HIV Infection Cases, Living Reported AIDS Cases, and Prevalent Reported Cases of HIV/AIDS (Living HIV/AIDS Cases - combined).

Each crosstabulation is labeled at the top to indicate which two variables are being crosstabulated in that particular table. Each crosstabulation is also labeled at the bottom to indicate that it belongs to a particular HSDA, EMA, PHR, or Planning Area. The title at the top of each page will indicate which particular subset of the data you are looking at. (For example, ALiving Reported HIV Infection Cases through 12/31/02@)

Each cell of each crosstabulation contains two numbers. The number on top is the actual number of cases. The number on bottom is the column percentage. That is, the percentage that that particular cell makes up out of the total column of numbers. For example, in the sample crosstabulation table shown below, the cell corresponding to the age group 20-29 and the male sex contains the percentage 32.6%. This means that the 14 male cases in the 20-29 age group made up 32.6% of the 43 male cases represented in that column. Remember, all percentages given in these tables are *column* percentages.

This table also demonstrates a particular feature of the SPSS software that was used to produce these tables. Namely, there were no cases in the 5-12 age group; thus, the table does not display a row for that age group. Likewise, if there had been no female cases, the table would have displayed a single column only for the male cases (plus the usual ATotal@column.)

Age Group *	Sex Cro	osstabu	lation
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			Sex		
			Male	Female	Total
Age	Under 5	Count	1		1
Group		% within Sex	2.3%		1.6%
	13-19	Count	4	1	5
		% within Sex	9.3%	5.0%	7.9%
	20-29	Count	14	8	22
		% within Sex	32.6%	40.0%	34.9%
	30-39	Count	13	5	18
		% within Sex	30.2%	25.0%	28.6%
	40-49	Count	8	4	12
		% within Sex	18.6%	20.0%	19.0%
	Over 49	Count	3	2	5
		% within Sex	7.0%	10.0%	7.9%
Total		Count	43	20	63
		% within Sex	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

NOTE: For the purpose of maintaining confidentiality, when the case total for a particular subset of data is 1, 2, or 3, we will only release the total number of cases, and not the various crosstabulations. When the case total is 4 or 5, we will only release frequencies of values for individual variables, and not the various crosstabulations.